

# OCR (A) Chemistry A-level

Topic 3.1.4 - Qualitative Analysis

**Flashcards** 

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#### What are anions also known as?











What are anions also known as?

#### Negative ions













# How can you test for carbonate ions, CO<sub>3</sub><sup>2</sup>-?









How can you test for carbonate ions, CO<sub>2</sub><sup>2</sup>-?

Add strong acid to the sample

Collect the gas produced

Pass through lime water









# What are the observations for a positive test of carbonate ions, CO<sub>2</sub><sup>2</sup>-?











What are the observations for a positive test of carbonate ions,

#### Fizzing

Limewater turns cloudy









#### Write an equation for the carbonate ion test











Write an equation for the carbonate ion test

$$CO_3^{2-}$$
 (aq) + 2H<sup>+</sup> (aq)  $\rightarrow$  H<sub>2</sub>O (aq) + CO<sub>2</sub> (g)







## How can you test for sulfate ions, $SO_{\lambda}^{2-}$ ?







How can you test for sulphate ions, SO<sub>4</sub><sup>2</sup>-?

 Add dilute hydrochloric acid and barium chloride to the sample











What are the observations for a positive test of sulfate ions,











What are the observations for a positive test of sulfate ions,  $SO_{\lambda}^{2-}$ ?

White precipitate of barium sulfate is produced











#### Write an equation for the sulfate ion test











Write an equation for the sulfate ion test

$$Ba^{2+}$$
 (aq) +  $SO_4^{2-}$  (aq)  $\to BaSO_4$  (s)









#### What do you use to test for halide ions?











What do you use to test for halide ions?

#### Acidified AgNO<sub>3</sub>











## Why do you add HNO<sub>2</sub> to test for halide ions and why not HCI?











Why do you add HNO<sub>3</sub> to test for halides and why not HCI?

To remove CO<sub>3</sub><sup>2</sup>-

Adding HCl would add Cl<sup>-</sup>ions, giving a false positive result











### How can you test for a halide ion?











#### How can you test for a halide ion?

- Dissolve the sample in water
- Add aqueous silver nitrate
- Record the colour change
- If difficult to distinguish the colour, add aqueous ammonia, first dilute ammonia then concentrated ammonia
- Note the solubility of precipitate









## Write the result and equation for CI- test











Write the result and equation for CI- test

White precipitate, soluble in dilute aqueous ammonia

 $Ag^{+}$  (aq) +  $Cl^{-}$  (aq)  $\rightarrow$  AgCl (s)











## Write the result and equation for Br test











Write the result and equation for Br- test

Cream ppt, soluble in concentrated aqueous ammonia only

 $Ag^+$  (aq)+  $Br^-$  (aq) $\rightarrow$  AgBr (s)









## Write the result and equation for I test











Write the result and equation for I test

Yellow precipitate, insoluble in concentrated and dilute aqueous ammonia

 $Ag^+(aq)+I^-(aq)\rightarrow AgI(s)$ 











When testing for carbonate, sulfate and halide ions, in which order should the tests be carried out and why?









When testing for carbonate, sulfate and halide ions, in which order should the tests be carried out and why?

- Carbonate test
- 2. Sulfate test
- 3. Halide test

Because barium ions forms insoluble precipitate of BaCO<sub>3</sub> and silver ions form insolube precipitate of Ag<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>









#### What are cations also known as?











What are cations also known as?

#### Positive ions









## How can you test for ammonium ions, NH<sub>4</sub><sup>+</sup>?











How can you test for ammonium ions, NH<sub>4</sub><sup>+</sup>?

Add sodium hydroxide to the sample and warm it

Test the gas produced with red litmus paper









## What are the observations for positive ammonium ions test?











What are the observations for positive ammonium ions test?

- Red litmus paper turns blue
- Ammonia has a pungent smell











#### Write the equation for ammonium ions test













Write the equation for ammonium ions test

$$NH_4^+$$
 (aq) +  $OH^-$  (aq)  $\to NH_3$  (aq) +  $H_2O$  (aq)

